

## MFG Select Infrastructure (USD)

Portfolio Manager	Strategy Inception Date	Total Strategy Assets	Total Infrastructure Assets <sup>1</sup>			
Gerald Stack	2 May 2013	USD \$5,921.8 million	USD \$11,021.3 million			
Objective		Approach				
Capital preservation in adverse markets		Concentrated 20-40 stock portfolio applying our proprietary infrastructure classification				

Pre-fee return of CPI plus 5-6%p.a. through the economic cycle

### Highly defensive, inflation-linked exposure

Valuation driven benchmark-unaware strategy

Top 10 Holdings <sup>2</sup>	Sector <sup>2</sup>	%	
Transurban Group	Toll Roads	7.4	
Vinci SA	Toll Roads	7.2	
National Grid Plc	Transmission and Distribution	5.3	
Ferrovial SA	Toll Roads	5.0	
Sempra Energy	Integrated Power	4.7	
Aena SME SA	Airports	4.5	
United Utilities Group Plc	Water Utilities	4.4	
Atlas Arteria	Toll Roads	4.3	
Norfolk Southern Corporation	Rail	4.0	
Evergy Inc	Integrated Power	3.8	
	TOTAL:	50.6	

USD 5 Year Risk Measures<sup>3</sup>

Upside Capture

Beta

Correlation

Downside Capture

3 Year rolling return<sup>5</sup>

(measured monthly)

No. of observations

Against the Infrastructure Benchmark<sup>4</sup>

Average excess return (% p.a.) (Gross)

Average excess return (% p.a.) (Net)

Outperformance consistency (Gross)

Outperformance consistency (Net)

Against Global

Equities

0.7

0.7

0.7

0.8

1 Year

12

-0.7

-1.5

25%

0%

Against Infrastructure

Benchmark<sup>4</sup>

1.0

0.9

0.8

0.9

5 Years

60

2.8

1.9

85%

73%

3 Years

36

2.1

1.2

75%

58%

Since

Inception

80

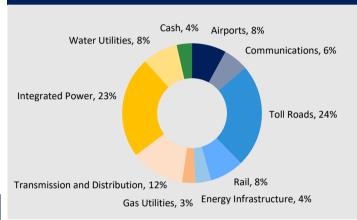
3.2

2.4

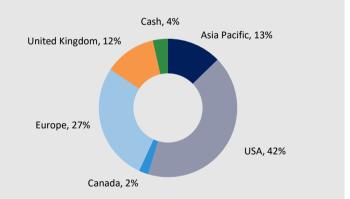
89%

80%

### Sector Exposure<sup>2</sup>



#### Geographical Exposure<sup>2</sup>



Performance <sup>6</sup>	3 Months (%)	1 Year 3 Years (%) (% p.a.)		5 Years (% p.a.)	7 Years (% p.a.)	Since Inception (% p.a.)	
Composite (Gross)	11.6	-7.0	-0.1	3.8	6.7	7.2	
Composite (Net)	11.3	-7.8	-0.9	3.0	5.8	6.3	
Global Infrastructure Benchmark	10.8	-1.0	0.9	3.0	6.3	4.7	
Excess (Gross)	0.8	-6.0	-1.0	0.8	0.4	2.5	
MSCI World NTR Index <sup>+</sup>	9.8	-18.1	4.9	6.1	8.5	8.1	

Annual Performance <sup>6</sup> (%)	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013*
Composite (Gross)	-7.0	13.6	-5.7	26.7	-4.4	25.0	4.4	3.9	14.1	4.6
Composite (Net)	-7.8	12.7	-6.4	25.7	-5.2	24.0	3.6	3.1	13.2	4.0
Global Infrastructure Benchmark	-1.0	11.0	-6.5	25.8	-10.4	19.1	11.4	-12.2	14.1	0.9
Excess (Gross)	-6.0	2.6	0.8	0.9	6.0	5.9	-7.0	16.1	0.0	3.7
MSCI World NTR Index+	-18.1	21.8	15.9	27.7	-8.7	22.4	7.5	-0.9	4.9	14.7

## **Strategy Commentary**

The portfolio recorded a positive return in the December quarter as inflation and 10-year bond rates pulled back from September highs. The stocks that contributed the most were French toll road and airport operator Vinci, US rail company Norfolk Southern and UK water utility United Utilities. Vinci rose as traffic on its roads and at its airports exceeded expectations. Norfolk Southern advanced as Congress intervened in a longrunning labour dispute to force a settlement on the unions that were holding out. United Utilities lifted as the draft methodology for the next regulatory period was well received and UK bond rates fell.

The stocks that detracted the most were the investments in US utility Dominion Energy, and US tower companies Crown Castle and American Tower. Dominion Energy fell as the management team announced a strategic review of the business that could lead to changes to earnings guidance. Crown Castle and American Tower lagged as interest rates and inflation remained elevated.

Stock contributors/detractors are based in local currency terms.

## Stock Story: Transurban

# <u>-</u>Transurban

While the economic storm of the global financial crisis (GFC) raged in 2008/2009, Transurban's portfolio of Australian toll roads continued to grow traffic volumes or had very muted declines. While it is easy to say Australia was far less affected by the GFC than the rest of the world, the resilience of urban toll roads (where traffic was far less impacted than many other forms of transport infrastructure) was repeated time and again across the globe, even in some of the more affected countries such as Portugal.

Today's storm is of a different making – inflation and interest rates have ravaged markets while recession looms. However, it is the nature of urban toll roads and, by extension, the world's largest urban toll road company, Transurban, that places them in one of the strongest positions as:

- Traffic volumes exhibit little economic sensitivity;
- Tolls are largely inflation linked; and
- Debt costs are predominantly fixed in the short to medium term.

From an underlying traffic point of view, one of the reasons urban toll roads are so resilient is because of the variety of trip types they are used for. Contrary to common belief, prior to the pandemic a Transurban survey in Australia showed only 16% of respondents nominated commuting as the main reason they use toll roads. Urban toll roads allow people to move more easily around the cities they live in and hence traffic on these roads is usually more resilient to an economic downturn.

While today's drivers are different, there are echoes of 2008 in where we stand today. In 2008, inflation in Australia was accelerating on the back of high energy prices (Brent Crude topped US\$143 bbl in 2008) and rates were rising until the subprime crisis sent a chill through financial markets.

Today oil prices, inflation and rates are all elevated compared to recent history. However, we believe that Transurban is well placed to benefit from the inflation spike – 68% of its revenue has a direct passthrough of inflation with a further 4% being dynamic pricing (which captures inflation indirectly) – yet its costs are not increasing at the same rate. Most obviously, Transurban's debt is largely fixed and the average debt tenor is seven years, with only around 11% of total proportional drawn debt to be refinanced in the next two years. This means Transurban is getting the benefit of the increased toll from the inflation spike through to the end of its concessions but is likely to pay only a limited amount more in financing costs if the central banks are successful in bringing inflation, and hence interest rates, back under control.

Some investors suggest that the company is not attractive because the yield is now similar to the Australian 10-year bond yield. While we appreciate yield is important for some investors, it should be remembered that yield is one component of shareholder return. At its simplest level, consensus estimates for FY2023 and FY2024 EBITDA growth are more than 10% p.a. With 98% of debt on a fixed interest rate over this period and with an average debt tenor of 7 years, we expect this to translate into even higher cash flow in the short to medium term. Even without this benefit, at a base level, if you assume that the yield remains stable at  $\approx 3.8\%$  and underlying cash flow is growing at > 10%, all else equal we expect that the total return from an investment in Transurban shares should be approximately 13.8%.

One thing investors often forget about Transurban is the significant option value inherent in the portfolio of assets that it has. For example, the existing portfolio of assets operated by Transurban includes several expansionary projects such as the widening of the M7 motorway in Sydney (project approval was announced in late December), the Gateway and Logan motorways in Brisbane, and bidirectional tolling on the I-95 and extension of the I-495 in Virginia, USA amongst others. Incumbency should also provide Transurban with a significant advantage in bidding for new projects in existing markets through scale and informational advantage and should afford it a privileged opportunity to craft solutions for government partners that are also accretive to shareholders, such as a toll increase on the M7 to partly fund NorthConnex.

To paraphrase Benjamin Graham, in the short term the market is a voting machine, in the long term it is a cash flow weighing machine. We believe that consistent growth leading to an everexpanding weight of underlying cash flows will ultimately be reflected in the stock price. <sup>1</sup> Comprised of all Infrastructure Strategies.

<sup>2</sup> The data is based on a representative portfolio for the strategy. Refer to the GIPS Disclosure below for further information. Sectors are internally defined. Geographical exposure is by domicile of listing. Exposures may not sum to 100% due to rounding.

<sup>4</sup>Rolling 3-year returns are conclusived in USD and rolled monthly for the duration of each period shown. The average excess return is then calculated for each period, with outperformance consistency indicating the

<sup>5</sup> The Benchmark or Global Infrastructure NTR Index. Note: the UBS Developed Infrastructure and Utilities NTR Index ceased to be published from 31 May 2015, replaced on 1 January 2015 onwards, the benchmark is the S&P Global Infrastructure NTR Index. Note: the UBS Developed Infrastructure and Utilities NTR Index ceased to be published from 31 May 2015, replaced on 1 January 2015 with the S&P Global Infrastructure NTR Index. Note: the UBS Developed Infrastructure and Utilities NTR Index ceased to be published from 31 May 2015, replaced on 1 January 2015 with the S&P Global Infrastructure NTR Index. Note: the UBS Developed Infrastructure and Utilities NTR Index ceased to be published from 31 May 2015, replaced on 1 January 2015 with the S&P Global Infrastructure NTR Index.

Global ministructure N r Allex. <sup>6</sup> Returns are for the Global Select Infrastructure Composite and denoted in USD. Performance would vary if returns were denominated in a currency other than USD. Refer to the GIPS Disclosure section below for further information. Strategy inception is 2 May 2013. Composite (Net) returns are net of fees charged to clients and have been reduced by the amount of the highest fee charged to any client employing that strategy during the period under consideration. Actual fees may vary depending on among other things the applicable fees charged to clients and have been reduced by the amount of the highest fee charged to any client employing that strategy during the period under consideration.

period under consideration. Actual fees may vary depending on, among other things, the applicable fee schedule and portfolio size. Fees are available upon request. \* All MSCI data used is the property of MSCI. No use or distribution without written consent. Data provided "as is" without any warranties. MSCI and its affiliates assume no liability for or in connection with the data. Please see complete disclaimer in <a href="http://www.mfgam.com.au/funds/benchmark-information/">www.mfgam.com.au/funds/benchmark-information/</a>.

\* Returns are only for part year

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

This material is being furnished to you to provide summary information regarding Magellan Asset Management Limited trading as MFG Asset Management (**'MFG Asset Management'**) and an investment fund or investment strategy managed by MFG Asset Management (**'Strategy'**). This material is not intended to constitute advertising or advice of any kind and you should not construe the contents of this material as legal, tax, investment or other advice. In making an investment decision, you must rely on your own examination of any offering documents relating to the Strategy.

The investment program of the Strategy presented herein is speculative and may involve a high degree of risk. The Strategy is not intended as a complete investment program and is suitable only for sophisticated investors who can bear the risk of loss. The Strategy may lack diversification, which can increase the risk of loss to investors. The Strategy's performance may be volatile. Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future results and no person guarantees the future performance of the Strategy, the amount or timing of any return from it, that asset allocations will be met, that it will be able to implement its investment strategy or that its investment objectives will be achieved. Statements contained in this material that are not historical facts are based on current expectations, estimates, projections, opinions and beliefs of MFG Asset Management. Such statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, and undue reliance should not be placed thereon. This material may contain 'forward-looking statements'. Actual events or results or the actual performance of an MFG Asset Management financial product or service may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking statements. The Strategy will have limited liquidity, no secondary market for interests in the Strategy will reduce trading profits, if any, or increase losses.

No representation or warranty is made with respect to the correctness, accuracy, reasonableness or completeness of any of the information contained in this material. This information is subject to change at any time and no person has any responsibility to update any of the information provided in this material. This material may include data, research and other information from third party sources. MFG Asset Management makes no guarantee that such information is accurate, complete or timely and does not provide any warranties regarding results obtained from its use. MFG Asset Management will not be responsible or liable for any losses, whether direct, indirect or consequential, including loss of profits, damages, costs, claims or expenses, relating to or arising from your use or reliance upon any part of the information contained in this material including trading losses, loss of opportunity or incidental or punitive damages.

No distribution of this material will be made in any jurisdiction where such distribution is not authorised or is unlawful. This material does not constitute, and may not be used for the purpose of, an offer or solicitation in any jurisdiction or in any circumstances in which such an offer or solicitation is unlawful or not authorized or in which the person making such offer or solicitation is not qualified to do so. This material and the information contained within it may not be reproduced, or disclosed, in whole or in part, without the prior written consent of MFG Asset Management. Further information regarding any benchmark referred to herein can be found at www.mfgam.com.au. Any trademarks, logos, and service marks contained herein may be the registered and unregistered trademarks of their respective owners.

United Kingdom - This material does not constitute an offer or inducement to engage in an investment activity under the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (FSMA). This material does not form part of any offer or invitation to purchase, sell or subscribe for, or any solicitation of any such offer to purchase, sell or subscribe for, any shares, units or other type of investment product or service. This material as not been approved by a person authorised under the FSMA and its distribution in the United Kingdom and is only being made to persons in circumstances that will not constitute a financial promotion for the purposes of section 21 of the FSMA as a result of an exemption contained in the FSMA 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 as set out below. This material is exempt from the restrictions in the FSMA as it is to be strictly communicated only to 'investment professionals' as defined in Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005

United States of America - This material is not intended as an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any securities, financial instrument or product or to provide financial services. It is not the intention of MFG Asset Management to create legal relations on the basis of information provided herein. Where performance figures are shown net of fees charged to clients, the performance has been reduced by the amount of the highest fee charged to any client employing that particular strategy during the period under consideration. Actual fees may vary depending on, among other things, the applicable fee schedule and portfolio size. Fees are available upon request and also may be found in Part II of MFG Asset Management's Form ADV.

The Global Infrastructure Benchmark is comprised of the following: from inception to 31 December 2014 the benchmark is UBS Developed Infrastructure & Utilities Index Net Total Return and from 1 January 2015 the benchmark is S&P Global Infrastructure Net Total Return Index. The benchmark changed because UBS discontinued their index series.

The UBS Developed Infrastructure & Utilities Index Net Total Return is a market capitalisation weighted index that is designed to measure the equity performance of listed Infrastructure and Utility stocks. Index results assume the reinvestment of all distributions of capital gain and net investment income using a tax rate applicable to non-resident institutional investors who do not benefit from double taxation treaties. The S&P Global Infrastructure Net Total Return Index is a market capitalisation weighted index that is designed to track 75 companies from around the world diversified across three infrastructure sectors energy, transportation and utilities. Index results assume the reinvestment of all distributions of capital gain and net investment income using a tax rate applicable to non-resident institutional investors who do not benefit from double taxation treaties.

#### GLOBAL INVESTMENT PERFORMANCE STANDARDS (GIPS®) DISCLOSURE

Magellan Asset Management Limited, doing business as MFG Asset Management in jurisdictions outside Australia and New Zealand, (MFG Asset Management) claims compliance with the Global Investment Performance Standards (GIPS ®)

For the purpose of complying with GIPS, the Firm is defined as all discretionary portfolios managed by MFG Asset Management, excluding brands managed by subsidiaries operating as distinct business entities. MFG Asset Management is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the publicly listed company Magellan Financial Group Limited. MFG Asset Management is based in Sydney, Australia. Total Firm assets is defined as all assets managed by MFG Asset Management, excluding assets managed by subsidiaries operating as distinct business entities.

The Global Select Infrastructure composite is a concentrated global strategy investing in strictly defined or "pure" infrastructure companies, (typically 20-40). The filtered investment universe is comprised of stocks that 1. generate reliable income streams 2. benefit from inflation protection and 3. have an appropriate capital structure. The investment objective of the strategy is to minimise the risk of permanent capital loss; and achieve superior risk adjusted investment returns over the medium to long-term. The composite was created in May 2013.

To achieve investment objectives, the composite may also use derivative financial instruments including, but not limited to, options, swaps, futures and forwards. Derivatives are subject to the risk of changes in the market price of the underlying securities instruments, and the risk of the loss due to changes in interest rates. The use of certain derivatives may have a leveraging effect, which may increase the volatility of the composite and may reduce its returns.

A copy of the composite's GIPS compliant presentation and/or the firm's list of composite descriptions are available upon request by emailing <u>client.reporting@magellangroup.com.au</u>

The representative portfolio is an account in the composite that closely reflects the portfolio management style of the strategy. Performance is not a consideration in the selection of the representative portfolio. The characteristics of the representative portfolio may differ from those of the composite and of the other accounts in the composite. Information regarding the representative portfolio and the other accounts in the composite is available upon request.